

Issue date	March 1, 2015	Safety Data Sheet	
Reviewed date	March 1, 2018	SDS ID# 2030	
Section 1. IDEN		SDS ID# 2030	
1.1. Product ider			
Product form		: Mixture	
Product name		: Carbon Dioxide (0.0001%-99%) in Nitrogen	
1.2. Relevant ide	entified uses of th	ne substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use		: Calibration gas/Bumptest gas/Function test gas	
<b>1.3. Details of th</b> Intermountain Sp		safety data sheet	
520 N. Kings Roa Nampa, ID 83687	d 7 3-466-9425 or To 144	oll free 1-800-552-5003	
1.4. Emergency t	telephone numbe	er	
Emergency numb	ber	: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300	
Section 2 HAZA	RDS INDENTIFIC		
	n of the substance		
Classification		GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	
<b>2.2. Label eleme</b> Hazard pictogram			
Signal word		: WARNING	
Hazard statemer	nts	: H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED : OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. : CGA-HG03 - MAY INCREASE RESPIRATION AND HEART RATE	
Precautionary st	atements		
[General]		: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS's) before use. Read label before use of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have a product container or labe	•
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Carbon Dioxide (0.0001%-99%) in Nitrogen



 

 Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure.

 [Prevention]
 : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood : P271+P403- Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

 [Response]
 : IF INHALED - Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

 [Storage]
 : CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)

 [Disposal]
 : Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

 2.3. Other hazards
 Use output

Carbon Dioxide (0.0001%-99%) in Nitrogen

No additional information available

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity

No data available

### Section 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**3.1. Substance** 

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%
Nitrogen	(CAS No) 7727-37-9	15.0001 - 0.0001
Carbon Dioxide	(CAS No) 124-38-9	0.0001 - 84.9999

Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
General	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If
	breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If
	victim feels unwell, seek medical advice.
Skin contact	: Adverse effects not expected from this product.
Eye contact	: Adverse effects not expected from this product.
Ingestion	: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure, refer to the inhalation
	section.
4.2. All and the set of a second seco	All a sha

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects

### Acute



Inhalation	: May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion	: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure, refer to the inhalation section.
Frostbite	: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected areas. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
Symptoms/injuries upon intravenous administration	: Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness, cessation of breathing.
Chronic symptoms Delayed	: Adverse effects not expected from this product. : Adverse effects not expected from this product.

Carbon Dioxide (0.0001%-99%) in Nitrogen

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If victim feels unwell, seek medical advice. If breathing is difficult, give artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Section 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES	
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known
5.2. Special hazards arising from the s	substance or mixture
Fire hazard	: The product is not flammable
Explosion hazard	: Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing
	risk of burns and injuries.
Reactivity	: None known.
5.3. Advice for fire-fighters	
Firefighting instructions	: In case of fire: Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Stop the leak and flow of
	gas before extinguishing fire, if safe to do so. If this is not possible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Let the fire burn. Avoid inhalation of material or combustion by-products. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
Protection during firefighting	: Standard protective clothing and equipment (e.g., Self Contained Breathing Apparatus, SCBA) for fire fighters. Do not enter fire area without proper protective

Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEAS	SE MEASURES tective equipment and emergency procedures
General measures	: Ensure adequate ventilation.
6.1.1. For non -emergency pers	sonnel
Protective equipment	: Wear protective equipment consistent with the site emergency plan.
Emergency procedures	: Escape the danger area by the closest safe route. Close doors and windows of adjacent premises. Keep containers closed. Mark the danger area. Seal off low-lying

equipment, including respiratory protection.

Intermountain Specialty Gases	Carbon Dioxide (0.0001%-99%) in Nitrogen
	areas. Keep upwind.
6.1.12. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment	: Standard protective clothing and equipment (e.g., Self Contained Breathing Apparatus, SCBA) for fire fighters. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate and limit access. Ventilate area. See information above "For non- emergency personnel".
6.2. Methods and material for contain	nment and cleaning up
For containment	: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Try to stop gas leak if safe to do so.
Methods for cleaning up	:Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.
Section 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safety handling	: Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop.
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, inclu	ding any incompatibilities
Technical measures	: None known.
Storage conditions	: Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 52°C (125°F). Store locked up. Keep containers closed when not in use. Protect cylinder from physical damage. Store in well ventilated area.
Incompatible products	: None known.
Incompatible materials	: Certain reactive metals, hydrides, moist cesium monoxide, or lithium acetylene carbide diammino may ignite. Passing carbon dioxide over a mixture of sodium peroxide and aluminum or magnesium may explode.

### Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

OSH	IA PEL	Cal/OSHA PEL	NIOSH REL	ACGIH 2015 TLV
		(as of 4/26/13)	(as of 4/26/13)	
ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	8-hour TWA	up to 10-hour TWA	8-hour TWA
		(ST) STEL	(ST) STEL	(ST) STEL
		(C) Ceiling	(C) Ceiling	(C) Ceiling
There are no specifi	c exposure limits for N	itrogen. Nitrogen is a simple (	asphyxiant (SA). Oxygen levels	Simple asphyxiant
hould be maintaine	ed above 19.5%.			

Carbon Dioxide (124-38-9)		_	
OSHA PEL	Cal/OSHA PEL	NIOSH REL	ACGIH 2015 TLV
	(as of 4/26/13)	(as of 4/26/13)	



8-hour TWA up to 10-hour TWA 8-hour TWA (ST) STEL (ST) STEL (ST) STEL mg/m<sup>3</sup> ppm (C) Ceiling (C) Ceiling (C) Ceiling (IDHL) Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health 5,000 ppm 5,000 ppm 5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 5,000 ppm (ST) 30,000 ppm (ST) 30,000 ppm (ST) 30,000 ppm (IDLH) 40,000 ppm

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering measures/controls

: Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Systems under pressure should be regularly check for leakages. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may me released. Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

Carbon Dioxide (0.0001%-99%) in Nitrogen

8.3. Individual protection measures	. Individual protection measures		
Hand protection	: Wear working gloves when handling gas containers. 29CFR 1910.138: Hand Protection.		
Eye protection	: Wear safety glasses with side shields. 29 CFR 1910.133: Eye and Face Protection.		
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing, e.gLab coats, coveralls or flame resistant clothing.		
Respiratory protection	: None necessary during normal and routine operations. See sections 5&6.		
Thermal hazard protection	: None necessary during normal and routine operations.		
Environmental exposure controls	: Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section		
	13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.		
Other information	: Wear safety shoes while handling containers. 29 CFR 1910.136: Foot Protection		

Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEM	ICAL PROPERTIES	
9.1. Exposure controls		
Appearance	: Clear, colorless gas.	
Physical state	: Gas	
Color	: Colorless	
Odor	: No data available	
Odor threshold	: No data available	
рН	: No data available	
Melting point	: Not applicable for gas-mixtures.	
Freezing point	: No data available	
Flash point	: No data available	
Evaporation rate	: No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not Flammable - not combustible	
Upper flammability	: Not Flammable - not combustible	
Lower flammability	: Not Flammable - not combustible	
Relative density	: No data available	
Solubility	: No data available	
Partition coefficient	: No data available	
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available	
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## Intermountain **Specialty Gases**

Decomposition temperature Viscosity

: No data available
: Not applicable

	Carbon Dioxide	Nitrogen		
Molecular weight (grams)	44.01	28.013		
Boiling point	-78.5 °C	-196 °C		
Vanor pressure	838 psig (5778 kPa) @ 21.1 °C			
Vapor density at 20°C	1.522	0.97		
Relative gas density	1.839	1.153		
Critical Temperature	31.1 °C	-146.9 °C		

Carbon Dioxide (0.0001%-99%) in Nitrogen

### Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**10.1. Reactivity** 

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described below.

**10.2. Chemical stability** 

Stable under normal conditions.

**10.3.** Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Due to the presence of Carbon dioxide, Carbonic acid is formed in the presence of moisture.

**10.5.** Incompatible materials

Carbon dioxide is incompatible with: Certain reactive metals, hydrides, moist cesium monoxide, or lithium acetylene carbide diammino may ignite. Passing carbon dioxide over a mixture of sodium peroxide and aluminum or magnesium may explode. **10.6. Hazardous decomposition products** 

Oxygen. Carbon monoxide (CO)

### Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Acute toxicity** 

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	410,000 ppm/4h	
Corbon diavida (124.29.0)		
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)		
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	470,000 ppm/4h	
11.1. Information on routes of exposure		
Inhalation	: Acidosis, adrenal cortical exhaustion, and other metabolic stresses have resulted	
	from prolonged continuous exposure to 1-2% carbon dioxide (10,000 ppm-20,000	

ppm). The ACGIH TLV of 5,000 ppm is expected to provide a good margin of safety from asphyxiation and undue metabolic stress provided sufficient oxygen levels are



maintained in the air. Increased physical activity, duration of exposure, and decreased oxygen content can affect systemic and respiratory effects resulting from exposure to carbon dioxide.

Carbon Dioxide (0.0001%-99%) in Nitrogen

Skin contact	: Adverse effects not expected from this product
Eye contact	: Adverse effects not expected from this product
Ingestion	: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure, see "Inhalation" above
Intravenous administration	: Not known

11.2. Symptoms related to	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Symptoms	Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure
	to oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<=18%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea,
	vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and
	death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about
	unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or
	protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death.
	Depending on concentration and duration of exposure to carbon dioxide may cause
	increased respirations, headache, mild narcotic effects, increased blood pressure and
	pulse, and asphyxiation. Symptoms of overexposure become more apparent when
	atmospheric oxygen is decreased to 15-17%.

<b>11.3. Delayed and immediate effects</b>	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single	: Not classified
exposure)	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated	d : Respiratory system, Central vascular system (CVS)
exposure)	
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
	Not applicable for gases and gas-mixtures

### **11.4.** Carcinogenic effects

The components of this material are not found on the following lists: FEDERAL OSHA Z LIST, NTP AND IARC; therefore, they are not considered to be, nor suspected to be, cancer-causing agents by these agencies.

Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
12.1. Aquatic Toxicity		
Ecology - general	: No ecological damage caused by this product	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		



No information available for the product

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No information available for the product

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available for the product

#### 12.5. Other

Global warming potential

1 (Carbon dioxide)

### Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Carbon Dioxide (0.0001%-99%) in Nitrogen

### Section 14. TRANSPORATION INFORMATION

	US DOT	TDG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN #	UN 1956	UN 1956	UN 1956	UN 1956
Proper shipping	Compressed gas, n.o.s.	Compressed gas, n.o.s.	Compressed gas, n.o.s.	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
name	(Nitrogen, Carbon	(Nitrogen, Carbon	(Nitrogen, Carbon	(Nitrogen, Carbon
	Dioxide)	Dioxide)	Dioxide)	Dioxide)
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2 NON-FLAMMABLE GAS	2.2 HON-FLAMMABLE GAS	2.2 HOW FLAMMABLE GAS	2.2 NON-FLAMMABLE GAS
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.

### Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal regulations

#### SARA 311/312 hazard categories

Acute Health	: No
Chronic Health	: No
Fire	: No
Pressure	: Yes
Reactive	: No

This product does not contain toxic chemicals subject to reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency planning<br/>and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.SARA 311/312Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

**15.2. US State regulations** 



Nitrogen (007727-37-9)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S Minnesota - Right To Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S New Jersey - Right To Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right To Know) List
Carbon Dioxide (124-38-9)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right To Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right To Know) List

Carbon Dioxide (0.0001%-99%) in Nitrogen

Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: New SDS 3/1/2015	
Revision Note	: Initial release	
Hazardous Material Information System (USA)		
Hazard Scale	: 0 = Minimal/ 1 = Slight/ 2 = Moderate/ 3 = Serious/ 4 = Severe	
Health	: 1	
Fire	: 0	
Physical hazards	: 3	

Key/Legend	
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
DOT	Department of Transportation
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
NTP	National Toxicology Program
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
TDG	Transportation of Dangerous Goods
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
TWA	Time Weighted Average
Prop	Proposition
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate

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